2021

ZOOLOGY — HONOURS

Paper: DSE-A-1

(Parasitology)

Full Marks: 50

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Answer question no. 1 and any four questions from the rest.

1. Answer any fifteen questions:

 2×15

- (a) Define parasitism.
- (b) Distinguish between vector and reservoir host of diseases.
- (c) Mention two helminths having zoonotic potential.
- (d) Write down the characteristic features of mouthparts of male Ixodes sp.
- (e) What is kinetoplastid flagellate? Give one example.
- (f) How can you identify the female Ascaris?
- (g) Name the host and effect on that host by Vampire bat.
- (h) State the symptoms of ascariasis.
- (i) State the role of tsetse fly in the transmission of parasitic protist.
- (j) What is LD bodies? Describe the morphological features of LD bodies.
- (k) State two differences between Cestoda and Nematoda.
- (l) What are the diseases transmitted by *Ornithodores* sp.?
- (m) What do you mean by lymphatic filariasis?
- (n) Name two antihelminthic medicines.
- (o) What is the parasitic importance of mites?
- (p) Mention the parasitic behaviour of Hood Mocking bird.
- (q) What is VSG? Why is it important in pathogenesis caused by Trypanosoma?
- (r) What is kala-azar? Why is it called so?
- (s) Mention the larval stages of Schistosoma haematobium, Taenia solium, Ascaris lumbricoides and Ancylostoma duodenale.
- (t) How can we control the population of Bug?

Please Turn Over

- (u) Mention the important features of Cookicutter Shark.
- (v) Define facultative parasitism with suitable example.
- (w) Which parasite is responsible for developing Loeffer's pneumonia? Mention the symptoms of the disease.
- (x) Name two species of louse that infect man.
- (y) Name two host of Xenopsylla.
- 2. (a) Why is Trypanosoma sp. included in order kinetoplastida?
 - (b) What is Winterbottom's sign? State its significance.

2+2+1

- 3. (a) Describe the structure of trophozoite of Giardia intestinalis.
 - (b) Discuss on the pathogenicity and the treatment of Giardia intestinalis.

2+3

- 4. (a) Describe the structure of cysticercus stage and gravid proglottid of Taenia solium.
 - (b) Comment on the pathogenicity caused by this parasite.

3+2

- **5.** (a) Draw and describe the route of movement of rhabditiform larva of *Ascaris lumbricoides* for sexual maturity.
 - (b) Distinguish between male and female of this parasite.

3+2

- **6.** (a) What do you mean by plant-nematode interaction? Give example.
 - (b) State the role of *Pediculus* sp. in disease discomfort.

3+2

- 7. (a) What is cutaneous larva migrans?
 - (b) Distinguish between male and female Ancylostoma duodenale.

2+3

- **8.** (a) Illustrate the life cycle of Wuchereria bancrofti.
 - (b) What is cysticercus cellulosae?

4+1

- **9.** (a) What is the habitat of adult *Schistosoma haematobium*? Draw a labelled diagram of male and female forms of this parasite.
 - (b) Mention the diseases caused by S. haematobium.

(1+2)+2