T(I)-Computer Science-H-2A

## 2021

## COMPUTER SCIENCE — HONOURS

### Second Paper

## (Group - A)

#### Full Marks : 50

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

# Answer *question no.* 1 and *any three* questions from the rest, taking *two* from Section-I and *one* from Section-II.

#### 1. Answer any four questions :

(a) State the difference between compiler and interpreter.

- (b) Write two advantages of linked list over array.
- (c) What do you mean by linear data structure? Give an example.
- (d) What is a priority queue?
- (e) What is the job of the CPU scheduler?
- (f) What is a sparse matrix?
- (g) Convert the following infix expression to its equivalent post fix form :  $(A + B) / C * D \land E / F$ . Show the steps.
- (h) How is a polynomial represented using an array?

#### **SECTION - I**

#### (System Software Fundamentals and Operating Systems)

- 2. (a) Distinguish between long-term and short-term schedules.
  - (b) What is a dynamic loader and how does it function?
  - (c) Consider a set of four processes with their arrival times and burst times given below :

Process	Burst Time (ns)	Arrival time (ns)
P <sub>1</sub>	10	0
$P_2$	5	1
P <sub>3</sub>	4	2
P <sub>4</sub>	7	6

Draw Gantt Chart for Round-Robin scheduling with time quantum of 2ns, and find out the average turnaround time and average waiting time. 3+5+(3+3)

#### **Please Turn Over**

 $2 \times 4$ 

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(2)

- **3.** (a) Differentiate between binary semaphore and counting semaphore. Explain how semaphores solve the bounded buffer problem.
  - (b) Explain the concept of 'wait for' graph in deadlock detection.
  - (c) Explain best fit and worst fit memory placement strategies with appropriate examples.

(2+4)+4+4

5+5+4

- 4. (a) What is Translation Lookaside Buffer (TLB)? Why is it needed?
  - (b) Given references to the following pages by a process :

0, 1, 4, 2, 0, 4, 3, 5, 1, 6, 3, 2, 3, 2, 6, 2, 1, 3, 4, 2

Find the number of page faults if the process has 3 page frames available to it and page replacement algorithms are both (i) LRU and (ii) Optimal.

- (c) What is spooling? What is the problem associated with it? (2+2)+(3+3)+(2+2)
- 5. (a) Explain how external fragmentation affects performance of variable partition multiprogramming. What are the possible solutions?
  - (b) Discuss briefly about SCAN disk scheduling and C-SCAN disk scheduling with suitable examples.
  - (c) What is 'thrashing' and how is it caused? (2+3)+(3+3)+(2+1)

#### **SECTION - II**

#### (Data Structure - I)

- 6. (a) Write an algorithm to reverse the elements of an array using only one extra stack.
  - (b) Write an algorithm to insert a node after a given node (containing 'ITEM'), in a singly linked list.
  - (c) Write the properties of a recursive function.
- 7. (a) What do you mean by ADT? How does it differ from data structure?
  - (b) Suppose a 3D-array A is declared using A(2:8, 1:4, 6:10). Find the number of elements in the array A. Also find the location of A[5] [6] [8] using row-major order.
  - (c) Write an algorithm to find the middle element in linked list. Also illustrate the algorithm with the help of an example.
  - (d) Write the queue FULL and EMPTY condition in case of circular queue.

(2+2)+(1+2)+(3+2)+(1+1)