2020 Gurudas College ZOOLOGY – HONOURS Paper: CC- 9 Full Marks: 60

Time: 2 hrs. 30 mins.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as for as practicable.

Part A

Answer *any twenty five* questions from the following:

- 1. How does bile help in the absorption of long chain fatty acids?
- 2. What are Peyer's patches?
- 3. What is the composition of human saliva?
- 4. What are the 2 important functions of succus entericus?
- 5. Where is the Sphicter of Oddi and what is its function?
- 6. Why should you eat fatty food when taking Vit A supplement? By what mechanism is Vit B_{12} absorbed?

- 7. Match the following
 - A. Tidal volumei.1200 ml.B. Inspiratory reserve volumeii.500 ml.C. Expiratory reserve∖e volumeiii.3000 ml.
 - D. Residual volume iv. 1100 ml

8. In which direction does the O₂ dissociation curve shift with

- a. Increased pH
- b. Increased fetal Hb
- c. Increased blood temperature ------
- d. Increased concentration of 2,3 DPG -----
- 9. What happens during carbon monoxide poisoning?
- 10. What is 20 volumes percent in respiration?
- 11. What is Haldane effect?
- 12. What is the called air conditioning function of the upper respiratory passageways?
- 13. Write 2 characteristics of coronary circulation.
- 14. What do you meant by pacemaker of heart?
- 15. Compare SA node and AV node.
- 16. Write the molecular basis of blood grouping.
- 17. What do you mean by Isovolumetric contraction period?
- 18. How and when is 1 st Heart Sound produced?
- 19. Compare R and T state of hemoglobin
- 20. Write 2 features of reticulocyte.
- 21. Name Factor 4 of blood coagulation.
- 22. What do you mean by stroke volume?
- 23. Explain Facultative water reabsorption?
- 24. What do you mean by effective filtration pressure?
- 25. Write the full form of TMAO and GFR
- 26. Write one difference between osmoregulators and osmoconformor Give example
- 27. What is erythroblastosis foetalis?
- 28. Name two systems that are related with urine acidification.
- 29. Mention the differences of osmoregulation in marine elasmobranch and teleosts.,
- 30. Name one buffer system in acid base regulation, and its site of action
- 31. Write the full form of RAAS and one of its function.
- 32. Name any two extrarenal salt eliminating structures.
- 33. Define Cardiac output.
- 34. Write the significance of blood group.
- 35. Name two intravascular anticoagulants.

2x25

<u>Part B</u> Internal Assessment

Choose the correct alternative for *any ten* from the following:

1x10

- 1. In the tissues, CO₂-dissociation curve
 - A. Shifts to the left
 - B. Shifts to the right
 - C. Remains unchanged
- 2. Physiological respiration involves
 - A. The mechanisms that ensure that the composition of the functional residual capacity is kept constant
 - B. The mechanism that equilibrates with the gases dissolved in the pulmonary capillary blood, and thus throughout the body
 - C. The movement of O_2 from the outside environment to the cells within tissues
 - D. Transport of CO₂ from within cells to outside environment
 - E. None of the above
 - F. All of the above
 - G. Some of the above
- 3. Enterocytes are
 - A. Exocrine glands which secrete mucus
 - B. Tall columnar cells, which have an absorptive function
 - C. Cells that secrete protective agents like defensins
 - D. Stem cells that replace those lost by abrasion
- 4. Digestion of starch follows this pathway
 - A. boiled starch → soluble starch → achrodextrin + maltose → erythrodextrin + maltose → Isomaltose + maltose
 - B. boiled starch → soluble starch → Isomaltose + maltose →erythrodextrin + maltose →achrodextrin + maltose
 - C. boiled starch \rightarrow soluble starch \rightarrow erythrodextrin + maltose \rightarrow achrodextrin + maltose + maltose
 - D. boiled starch \rightarrow soluble starch \rightarrow erythrodextrin + maltose \rightarrow Isomaltose + maltose \rightarrow achrodextrin + maltose
- 5. The taste of umami is thought to signal
 - A. Energy rich food
 - B. Poisonous food
 - C. Salt rich food
 - D. Protein-rich food
- 6. What is the renal threshold value of glucose in normal individual?
 - A. 200mg/dl
 - B. 250mg/dl
 - C. 150mg/dl
 - D. 180mg/dl
- 7. Podocytes are present in
 - A. Bowman's Capsule
 - B. Proximal Convoluted Tubule
 - C. Distal Convoluted Tubule
 - D. Henle's Loop
- 8. Which one of the following is blood coagulation factor IX ?
 - A. Hageman Factor
 - B. Fibrin Stabilizing Factor

- C. Christmas Factor
- D. Proaccelerin
- 9. Stroke volume is the amount of blood:
 - A. pumped out from the ventricle per minute
 - B. pumped out into the auricle per minute
 - C. pumped out from the ventricle per beat
 - D. none of the above
- 10. Which one the following is not an event in the ventricular diastole
 - A. Rapid Ejection Phase
 - B. First Rapid Filling Phase
 - C. Isovolumic Relaxation Phase
 - D. Slow Filling Phase
- 11. Renal Glutaminase activity is increased in
 - A. Metabolic acidosis
 - B. Respiratory acid
 - C. Both of the above
 - D. None of the above
- 12. Ischaemia associated with intense chest pain is known as:
 - A. Angina
 - B. Fibrilation
 - C. Murmur
 - D. Pericardium
- 13. Duration of diastases is
 - A. 0.2sec
 - B. 10.04sec
 - C. 0.06sec
 - D. 0.28sec
- 14. The left coronary artery supplies mainly:
 - A. Right Ventricle and posterior part of the left ventricle
 - B. Anterior and left lateral posterior of the left ventricle
 - C. Coronary sinus
 - D. Thebesian veins
- 15. Normal value of glomerular filtration rate is
 - A. 160mL/min
 - B. 180mL/min
 - C. 125mL/min
 - D. 100mL/min