2021

ZOOLOGY — **HONOURS**

Paper: CC-9

(Animal Physiology: Life Sustaining Systems)

Full Marks: 50

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Answer any ten questions.

- Discuss briefly the digestion of protein in stomach. Mention the function of Oxyntic/Chief cells and parietal cells of stomach.
 Mention the characteristic features of coronary circulation. What is called "The pacemaker of heart" and why?
- 3. Describe the structure of haemoglobin with a diagram. Write one point of difference between 'R form' and 'T form' of haemoglobin. (2+1)+2
- **4.** What is osmoregulation? Describe the methods of osmoregulation in marine fishes.
- **5.** Describe briefly the significance of oxygen dissociation curve with diagram. 3+2
- **6.** Describe the mechanism of blood clotting with a flowchart.
- 7. What is ultrafiltration? Name the factors that regulate glomerular ultrafiltration. 3+2
- 8. Discuss the role of brown fat and countercurrent heat exchanger system in thermoregulation of polar bear. $2\frac{1}{2}+2\frac{1}{2}$
- 9. What is a counter current multiplier system? State the role of vasa recta in counter current mechanism. 2+3
- **10.** Briefly describe the genetic and biochemical basis of ABO blood group system in Human. 3+2
- 11. Write short notes on (a) Carbon monoxide poisoning, (b) JGA. $2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2}$
- **12.** What is haematopoiesis? Describe the stages involved in formation of neutrophil. 2+3

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(2)

- 13. Mention the role of bile in digestion of food substances. Write the mechanism of fat absorption in the intestine. $2\frac{1}{2}+2\frac{1}{2}$
- **14.** What is cardiac output? State the factors that regulate cardiac output. Explain 'Iso-volumetric contraction period'.
- 15. Name two respiratory pigments and where do you find them. Explain 'Chloride Shift'.

 $(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}) + 3$
