2021

MICROBIOLOGY — GENERAL

Paper: SEC-A-2

(Microbial Quality Control in Food and Pharmaceutical Industries)

Full Marks: 80

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Question no. 1 is compulsory and answer any six questions from the rest.

1. Answer any ten from the following:

 2×10

- (a) Why 70% ethanol is more effective than absolute ethanol as disinfectant?
- (b) Define antiseptic.
- (c) Write down the role of Taq polymerase in PCR.
- (d) What is IMViC test?
- (e) How does a culture medium containing 4% agar-agar affect the growth of microorganisms?
- (f) What are commensals?
- (g) Why moist heat is more effective than dry heat in killing microbes?
- (h) Name two food-borne pathogens.
- (i) What is limit of resolution of a microscope?
- (i) How do you sterilize the following items:
 - (i) vitamin
- (ii) test tube
- (k) Which microbes are ranked as BSL-3?
- (l) Define differential media with an example.
- **2.** (a) What is thermal death time?
 - (b) Write down the principle and procedure of citrate test.
 - (c) Name one indole positive and one indole negative microbe.

2+3+2+3

- (d) Briefly describe indirect method of counting of cells.
- 3. (a) Write down the principle of phosphatase test of milk.
 - (b) Differentiate between BSL-1, BSL-2 and BSL-3.
 - (c) Why BIS certification is required for drinking water?

3+4+3

Please Turn Over

V(3rd Sm.)-Microbiology-G/SEC-A-2/CBCS (2)**4.** (a) What is meant by resolving power of a microscope? (b) What is the role of condenser in a microscope? (c) How does oil immersion increase resolution power at 100X magnification? (d) Write down the working principle of SEM. $2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2}$ 5. (a) Why prevention of aerosol formation is an important aspect in microbiology laboratory? (b) What are the uses of following culture media-(i) Mannitol salt agar (ii) Sabouraud agar (c) How would you ascertain the quality of milk based on MBRT result? $4+(1\frac{1}{2}+1\frac{1}{2})+3$ **6.** (a) What are pure culture and why are they important? (b) Name the selective agents in MacConkey agar and its mode of action. (2+2)+(2+4)7. (a) Describe the principle of autoclave in brief. (b) How can you neutralize the liquid hazardous waste? (c) What are the differences between food-borne infection and food intoxication? 4+3+3 8. Write short notes on any four: $2\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ (a) Standard plate count (b) Dry heat sterilization (c) Biosensors (d) Nucleic acid probe (e) Litmus lysate test (f) XLD agar.