T(II)-Microbiology-H-4A

 2×5

2021

MICROBIOLOGY — HONOURS

Fourth Paper

(Group - A)

Full Marks : 50

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Answer question no. 1 and any four questions from the rest.

1. (a) What do you mean by aerosols?

- (b) State the importance of *Trichoderma* added to soil.
- (c) How are non-fæcal coliforms detected in water samples?
- (d) Name one food borne disease and the organism responsible for it.
- (e) What is the importance of pasteurization?
- 2. (a) Why is air a poor medium for survival of microbes?
 - (b) What are allergens?
 - (c) Give an account of filters as a sampling technique of bioaerosols.
 - (d) Name one air borne bacteria and one fungus and the disease caused by each of them.
 - (e) Mention at least two physical environmental stresses for microbes. 2+2+2+2+2
- **3.** (a) State the physical, chemical and biological characteristics of potable water.
 - (b) Characterise E. coli and Salmonella on the basis of IMViC test.
- (c) Why is fæcal coliform harmful?
- 4. (a) How can poultry meat and eggs be the source of potential infection?
 - (b) State the limitations of Appertization.
 - (c) State the significance of phosphatase test.
- 5. (a) What are the differences between competition and synergism?
 - (b) Mention two symptoms of red rot of sugarcane.
 - (c) What do you mean by biological pest control?
 - (d) What is non-symbiotic nitrogen fixation?
 - (e) What is leaf blight of potato?

3+2+2+2+1

5+4+1

4+3+3

Please Turn Over

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(2)

- 6. (a) Name two macrofauna present in the soil and their functions.
 - (b) Explain commensalism, ammensalism and mutualism with respect to soil borne microbes and give suitable examples.
 - (c) Which organism is responsible for the discovery of Gibberellin? 3+(3+3)+1
- 7. (a) What is radulin? State its function.
 - (b) Distinguish between bacterium and bacteroid.
 - (c) How mechanical composting is different from normal composting?
 - (d) State the mechanism of switching-on and switching-off of *nif* operon. (1+1)+2+2+4
- 8. (a) What is meant by sedimentary cycles? Why are they so called? Give example.
 - (b) Explain the major phases of microbial carbon cycle with the roles of microbes involved in the process.
 - (c) Why is black stem rust an heterocious rust? Name the causal organism for these diseases.

9. Write short notes on :

- (a) Phosphate solubilization
- (b) Rhizosphere
- (c) Anamorph and Telesmorph of Brown Spot of Rice
- (d) Microbial production of methane.

 $2^{1/2} \times 4$

3+5+(1+1)