2021

COMPUTER SCIENCE — HONOURS

First Paper

Full Marks: 100

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Answer *question no.* 1 and *any five* questions from the rest, taking at least *one* from *each group*.

1. Answer any ten from the following questions:

 2×10

- (a) State De Morgan's theorems.
- (b) What is Zener breakdown?
- (c) How JFET differs from MOSFET?
- (d) Convert $(1101.110)_2 = (?)_{10}$
- (e) Add: $(11AB)_{16} + (C238)_{16}$.
- (f) What is the difference between opcode and operand?
- (g) What is depletion region of a p-n junction diode?
- (h) State Norton's theorem.
- (i) How can a transistor act as an inverter?
- (i) What is the input offset voltage of an operational amplifier?
- (k) What is Master slave flip-flop?
- (l) State the difference between RAM and ROM.
- (m) State the difference between weighted and non-weighted codes.
- (n) What is the difference between sequential circuit and combinational circuit?
- (o) What is machine cycle?

Group - A

(Computer Fundamentals)

- **2.** (a) Simplify the following logical expression by K-map method.
 - $Y = \Sigma m (0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13)$
 - (b) Design the simplied output by logic gates. Draw the truth table.
 - (c) Write the above logical expression Y in POS form. Minimize it.
 - (d) Represent EX-OR gate by NOR gate.

4+4+4+4

Please Turn Over

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(2)

- **3.** (a) Add:
 - (i) $(1AB\cdot 3C)_{16} + (4BC2\cdot A3)_{16}$
 - (ii) $(11101 \cdot 101)_2 + (1001 \cdot 10)_2$
 - (iii) $(756 \cdot 32)_8 + (543 \cdot 21)_8$
 - (b) Subtract: (i) $(111010)_2 (110001)_2$ by 2's complement method
 - (ii) $(A34 \cdot C2)_{16} (B5 \cdot 1)_{16}$
 - (c) Multiply: $(1001101 \cdot 1001)_2 \times (110110 \cdot 101)_2$
 - (d) Convert the number $(6789)_{10}$ into Binary Coded Decimal.

6+6+2+2

Group - B

- 4. (a) What is the origin of the reverse saturation current in a p-n junction diode?
 - (b) Draw the circuit diagram of a forward-biased and reverse-biased p-n junction diode. Write the expression of the volt-ampere characteristic of the diode.
 - (c) Draw the characteristic curve of the forward biased diode and explain its nature. 3+8+5
- 5. (a) What do you mean by the quiescent point of a transistor?
 - (b) Draw the circuit diagram of a common-emitter transistor amplifier. Explain its operation.
 - (c) What is a load line? Explain its significance.
 - (d) Explain the working principle of the light emitting diode (LED).

3+9+2+2

Group - C

- **6.** (a) What is 3-bit full adder? Design it by logic gates and draw the truth table.
 - (b) Implement Y_{sum} of the 3-bit full adder (3-bit) by NAND gates only.
 - (c) Implement Y_{carry} of the 3-bit full adder by 8:1 multiplexer.

6+5+5

- 7. (a) Design S-R flip-flop circuit. Draw the truth table.
 - (b) Convert S–R flip-flop to D flip-flop and explain with truth table.
 - (c) Design an asynchronous 3-bit counter using negative edge-triggered clock. Draw the truth table and explain its function.

 4+5+7

Group - D

- **8.** (a) What are the functions of Program Counter and Stack Pointer?
 - (b) What do you understand by PUSH and POP operations?
 - (c) How many times does the Control Unit refer to memory when it fetches and executes an indirect addressing mode instruction if the instruction is a computational type requiring and operand from memory? Explain.

 8+3+5

- 9. (a) Define the following:
 - (i) Micro-operation
 - (ii) Micro-instruction
 - (iii) Microprogram
 - (iv) Microcode.
 - (b) What is the difference between a microprocessor and a microprogram? Is it possible to design a microprocessor without a microprogram? 10+6