X(4th Sm.)-Botany-H/SEC-B-3/CBCS

# 2022

## **BOTANY** — **HONOURS**

## Paper : SEC-B-3

## (Plant Breeding)

#### Full Marks : 80

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

1. Answer the following questions :

(a) Mention two applications of back cross method.

(b) What is meant by hybrid seed?

- (c) What is QTL?
- (d) Define plant introduction.
- (e) What is the function of NBPGR?
- (f) Name two vectors used for plant gene transfer.
- (g) Define genetic erosion.
- (h) Mention one merit and one demerit of pure line selection.
- (i) State two objectives of plant breeding.
- (j) What is somaclonal variation?

### 2. Answer any four of the following :

(;	a) Write a short note on the centres of origin and domestication of crop plants.	5
(1	b) Write a short note on cytoplasmic genetic male sterility.	5
(	c) State the procedure of mass selection and its application.	5
(	d) What is transgenic plant? Give two examples of transgenic plants developed by gene tra technique. Which was the first successful transgenic plant available commercially?	ansfer 2+2+1
(	e) How does an euploidy help in crop improvement?	5
(	f) Write a short note on clonal selection.	5
3. A	nswer any four of the following :	

 (a) Discuss the selection methods for self-pollinated and cross-pollinated plants. Mention two merits of each of the two methods.

#### **Please Turn Over**

2×10

- (b) Discuss the role of mutations in crop improvement. State applications and limitations of mutation breeding. 5+5
- (c) Define emasculation. State the objectives of hybridization. Discuss distant hybridization mentioning its barriers and techniques applied for production of distant hybrids. 2+3+(3+2)
- (d) What is inbreeding? What are the effects of inbreeding? Define hybrid vigour. Explain its applications. 2+3+2+3
- (e) What is germplasm? Comment on the importance of germplasm maintenance. Define *in situ* germplasm conservation. Mention its demerits. 2+5+1+2
- (f) Describe briefly about various types of molecular markers. Mention one advantage and one limitation of molecular markers. 8+2