Gurudas College

Department of Biochemistry Internal Assessment – 2020 Semester-III Hons. Paper CC 6 (SET 1)

0.

Total Marks-1
Choose the correct option:
1. Gluconeogenesis responds to which of the following?
a) Hormonal control
b) pH control
c) Temperature control
d) Blood control
2. Which of the following statements is true about PFK-1?
a) It is stimulated by AMP and ADP
b) It is stimulated by citrate and ATP
c) It is inhibited by AMP and ADP
d) It is stimulated by citrate and ADP
3. Glucose 6-phosphatase is present only in
a) Liver
b) Muscle
c) Epithelial tissues
d) Kidneys
4. Which of the following statements is correct about oxidative pentose phosphate pathway?
a) It generates NADH
b) It oxidizes NADPH to NADP+
c) The pathway supplies ribose 5-phosphate and NADPH in the quantities the cell requires
d) Glucose 6-phosphatase catalyzes the rate limiting reaction of the pathway
5. The use of NADPH generated from pentose phosphate pathway cannot be

a) oxidized in the electron transport chain to provide 38 ATPs

b) Used for the synthesis of fatty acids
c) Used for the macrophageal functions
d) Used for steroid synthesis
6. Oxidation of palmitic acid (C16) involves rounds of beta-oxidation and yields molecules of acetyl-CoA.
a) 8, 8
b) 7, 8
c) 16, 8
d) 7, 7
7. Which of the following condenses acyl and malonyl groups?
a) Acyl carrier protein
b) Acetyl co-A ACP transacetylase
c) β-ketoacyl ACP synthase
d) Malonyl co-A ACP transferase
8. Which of the following phospholipids is a component of inner mitochondrial membrane?
a) Plasmologen
b) Cephalin
c) Lecithin
d) Cardiolipin
9. How many reactions that occur in the TCA cycle transfer electrons from a substrate to an electron accepting enzyme?
a) 1
b) 2
c) 3
d) 4
10. Fatty acids are transported to liver for
a) oxidation
b) reduction
c) redox reaction
d) storage