

2020

MATHEMATICS — GENERAL

Paper : DSE-A-2

(Graph Theory)

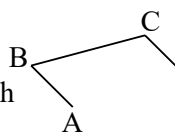
Full Marks : 65

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words
as far as practicable.*

Day 1

1. Choose the correct alternative :

1×10

(a) The adjacency matrix of the graph  is

(i)
$$\begin{matrix} & A & B & C & D \\ A & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ B & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ C & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ D & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

(ii)
$$\begin{matrix} & A & B & C & D \\ A & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ B & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ C & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ D & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

(iii)
$$\begin{matrix} & A & B & C & D \\ A & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ B & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ C & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ D & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

(iv)
$$\begin{matrix} & A & B & C & D \\ A & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ B & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ C & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ D & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

(b) A path has

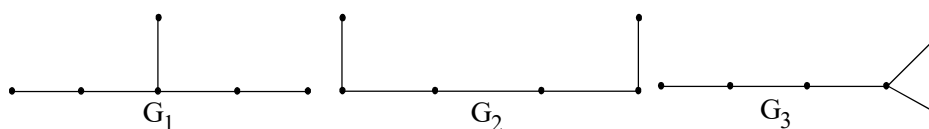
- (i) no repeated edges but repeated vertices
- (ii) repeated edges but no repeated vertices
- (iii) no repeated edges and no repeated vertices
- (iv) any of the above.

(c) The number of vertices of a regular graph of degree 4 with 10 edges is

- (i) 3
- (ii) 4
- (iii) 5
- (iv) 6.

Please Turn Over

(d) For the given graphs G_1 , G_2 and G_3



- (i) G_1 is isomorphic to G_2 and G_2 is isomorphic to G_3
- (ii) G_1 is not isomorphic to G_2 and G_2 is not isomorphic to G_3
- (iii) G_1 is isomorphic to G_2 but G_2 is not isomorphic to G_3
- (iv) G_1 is not isomorphic to G_2 but G_2 is isomorphic to G_3 .

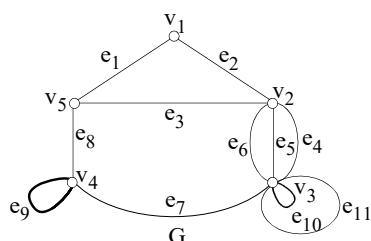
(e) Maximum number of edges in a simple graph with 11 vertices is

- (i) 10
- (ii) 22
- (iii) 55
- (iv) 110.

(f) A complete bi-partite graph $K_{m,n}$ has a Hamiltonian circuit if and only if

- (i) $m = n$
- (ii) $m = n + 1$
- (iii) $m = 2n$
- (iv) $m \neq n$.

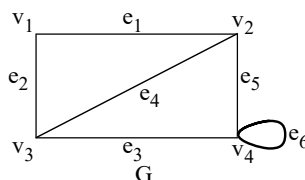
(g)



Adjacency matrix of G has how many 1's?

- (i) 0
- (ii) 5
- (iii) 10
- (iv) 12.

(h)



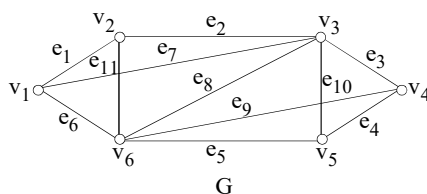
Number of walks of length 2 from v_2 to v_3 in G is

- (i) 0
- (ii) 1
- (iii) 2
- (iv) 3.

(i) Number of vertices in a tree with degree sequence $\{5, 4, 3, 1, 1, \dots, 1\}$ is

- (i) 8
- (ii) 9
- (iii) 10
- (iv) 11.

(j)

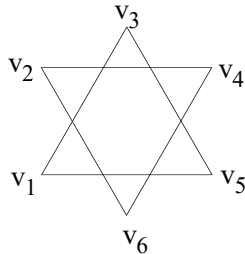


G is

- (i) both Eulerian and Hamiltonian
- (ii) Eulerian, but not Hamiltonian
- (iii) Hamiltonian, but not Eulerian
- (iv) neither Eulerian nor Hamiltonian.

2. Answer **any three** questions :

(a) Show that the graph contains no Euler circuit. 5

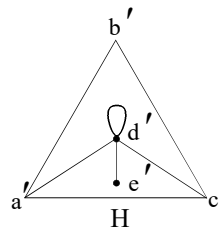
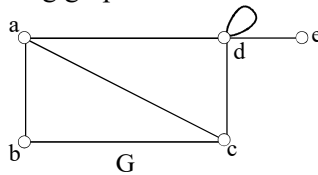


(b) Prove that the number of vertices of odd degree in a graph is an even number. 5

(c) Define a complete graph. Prove that a complete graph K_n with n vertices consists of ${}^n C_2$ number of edges. 1+4

(d) Let G be a simple bi-partite graph with e edges and n vertices. Prove that $e \leq \frac{n^2}{4}$. 5

(e) Consider the following graphs :



Is G isomorphic to H ? Justify. 5

3. Answer **any four** questions :

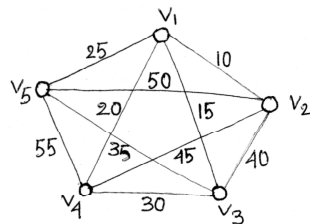
(a) (i) Prove that a simple graph with n vertices and k components can have at most $\frac{(n-k)(n-k+1)}{2}$ edges.

(ii) Prove that a graph containing a triangle cannot be bi-partite. 6+4

(b) (i) If a connected planar graph has n vertices and e edges, then prove that the number of regions in the graph is $e - n + 2$.

(ii) Prove that Kuratowski's graph K_5 is non-planar. 6+4

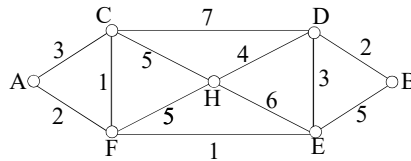
(c) Define Hamiltonian cycle. For the following travelling salesman problem, find the shortest Hamiltonian cycle. 2+8



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(d) Find the shortest distance between A and B using Dijkstra's algorithm :

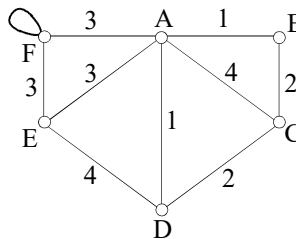
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(e) (i) Prove that a graph G with n vertices is a tree iff G is connected and has $(n - 1)$ edges.

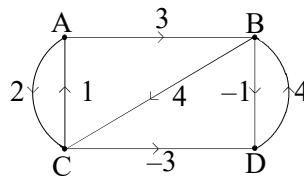
(ii) Find a minimal spanning tree for the following graph :

5+5



(f) Find the shortest distance matrix and the corresponding shortest path matrix for all the pairs of vertices in the following directed graph using Floyd-Warshall's algorithm.

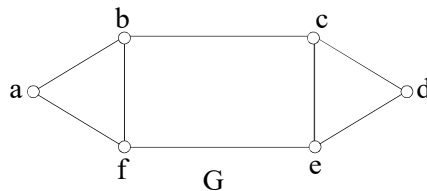
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(g) (i) Draw the graph of the following adjacency matrix :

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(ii) Determine the closure of the following graph G :



Conclude G is Hamiltonian or not.

5+5
